

Reg. No: \_\_\_\_\_

**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**B.Tech II Year I Semester (R16) Regular Examinations November 2017**  
**SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS**

**Time: 3 hours**

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units **5 X 12 = 60** Marks)

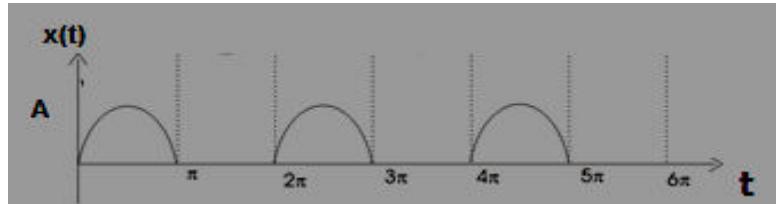
## **UNIT-I**

- 1 Find whether the following signals periodic or not? if periodic determine the fundamental Period

  - a)  $\sin 24\pi t$
  - b)  $3\sin 100\pi t + 4 \cos 200t$
  - c)  $e^{j4\pi t}$
  - d)  $x(t) = 2 \cos(10t + 1) - \sin(4t - 1)$

OR

- 2 Find the Fourier series expansion of the half wave rectified sine wave shown in figure.



12M

**UNIT-II**

- 3 a State and prove the convolution and multiplication properties of Continuous time Fourier transform? 6M

b Find the Fourier Transform of the following signals:

  - i). Impulse Function
  - ii).  $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$  6M

OR

- 4 Determine the Fourier transform of  $x(t) = e^{-|t|}$  and plot the Fourier spectrum. 12M

## **UNIT-III**

- 5 Derive the transfer function and impulse response of an LTI system. 12M

OR

- 6 a Determine the impulse response  $h(t)$  of the system given by the differential equation  $d^2y(t)/dt^2 + 3dy(t)/dt + 2y(t) = x(t)$  with all initial conditions to be zero.

b Evaluate the output response of the system described by the differential equation  $d^2y(t)/dt^2 + 6dy(t)/dt + 8y(t) = dx(t)/dt + x(t)$ , when the input signal  $x(t) = u(t)$  and the initial conditions are  $y(0^+) = 1, dy(0^+)/dt = 1$ .

**UNIT-IV**

- 7 a State and prove the Parseval's theorem for energy signal. 6M  
 b State and prove the frequency convolution theorem with Fourier transforms. 6M

OR

- 8 a Explain the detection of periodic signals in the presence of noise by autocorrelation. 12M

UNIT-V

- 9 Determine Z transform and draw the pole zero plot with ROC for each of the following signals.

$$i). x(n) = (0.5)^n u(n) - (1/3)^n u(n).$$

$$\text{ii). } x(n) = (1/2)^n u(n) + (1/3)^n u(n-1).$$

12M

OR

- 10 a Find the Laplace transform of the signal  $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t) - e^{-bt} u(-t)$  and also find its ROC 6M

b Find the inverse Laplace transform of:  
 $X(s) = 1 / s(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)$  6M

\*\*\* END \*\*\*